

THE JANEVILLE DAILY GAZETTE.

VOLUME XLVII

JANEVILLE, WISCONSIN, TUESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1904.

NUMBER 295.

FIRE DAMAGES BIG BUILDING

Loss to Iowa's Capital Is Estimated at Half a Million Dollars.

GOVERNOR DIRECTED THE FIREMEN

Executive Takes Personal Control of the Battalion, and Succeeds in Saving the Building From Destruction.

Iowa City, Jan. 5.—The north wing of Iowa's beautiful statehouse was wrecked by fire Monday, with a loss estimated at half a million dollars. For hours the whole building, which cost \$5,000,000, was considered doomed, and only the work of Governor Cummins, who donned rubber boots and a fireman's coat and took personal control of the firefighters, saved the stately capitol from complete destruction. The governor spent the entire afternoon by the side of Fire Chief Barnett, and it was by his direction that 100,000 volumes were removed from the state library and countless documents were saved. He also called fire battalions and engines from Olathe and other places.

Rules in Legislative Hall.
The interior of the chamber of the lower house of the legislature is a charred ruin. The floors are flowing with water, the handsome marble staircases are covered with ice and the offices below the chamber are flooded. Many beautiful and costly frescoes in the legislative chamber are ruined.

The legislature is required by law to meet next Monday, and various plans have been suggested for the convenience of the lower house. Governor Cummins has proposed that the house meet in the senate chamber, that the senate meet in the Supreme court room and that the court sit in a committee room. It is possible that an opera house will be engaged as the meeting place of the house. Members of the legislature have suggested that the house meet Monday and adjourn for two weeks, by which time the chamber could be temporarily made ready for occupancy.

Lack Water Pressure.

The corner stone of the capitol was laid in 1871, and the structure was occupied in 1885. Two years ago the legislature appropriated \$250,000 for its improvement. This money has been almost expended, and in a report filed the improvement commission asked for \$130,000 more to complete the work. The fire will add \$50,000 to this appropriation, which will be the first one made at the coming session.

The origin of the costly blaze, which gave the fire department and the governor a fight of four hours before it was under control, is a mystery and the governor has ordered an investigation. The supposition is that the fire started from a candle carelessly left about or from an electric wire. The

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES

The total number of deaths in the Iroquois fire as given this morning was 587.

Jews will meet in Philadelphia in national convention to plan the removal of their race from Russia.

The new sociological daily newspaper edited by W. T. Stend of London made its appearance at that city today.

Because of the murder of a negro mail carrier by a mob, the mail service at Riley, Tenn., may be suspended by the president.

The progress of the street car strike at Bloomington, Ill., is marked by riots and the attempts of the company to move their cars have proved practically fruitless.

Mrs. Nellie Goodell of Chicago committed suicide on the grave of her child at Cleveland, O.

St. Catherine's Roman Catholic academy at Springfield, Ky., was destroyed by fire last night and the men and girl students made their escape in their bare feet. The loss is a quarter of a million.

Mayor Harrison of Chicago makes declaration that he is "tired of packing" responsibility for the city and that he will enforce the ordinances regarding the theatres to the letter. The common council will also be given ample opportunity to amend the regulations.

Five Russian torpedo boat destroyers sailed from Malta yesterday in an eastward direction.

A dispatch from Toledo says there is increasing evidence here of the imminence of some important development, but that the most vigorous secrecy is maintained in all official circles.

THEATRE'S HEAD USHER HELD OVER UNDER A LARGE BOND

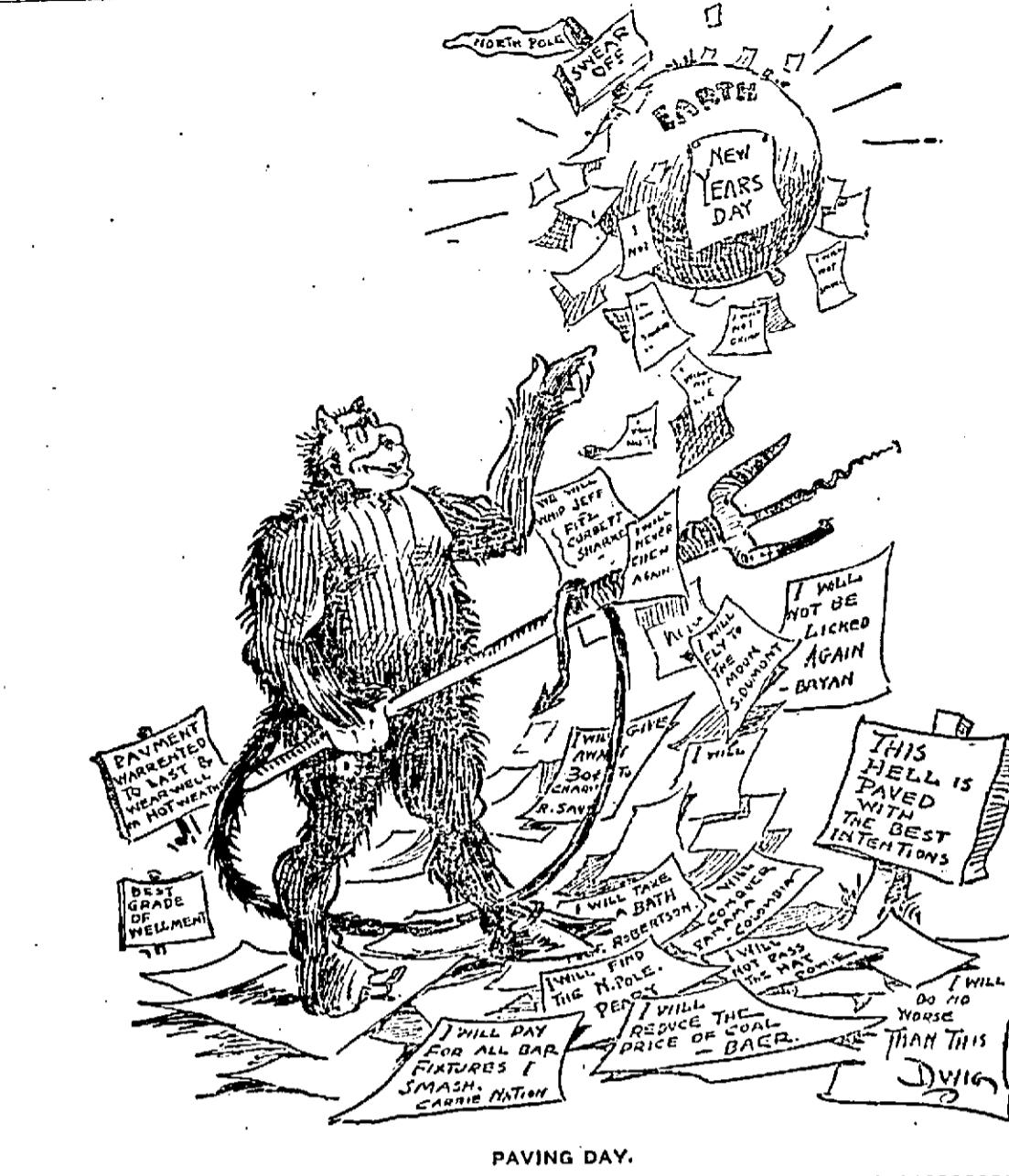
Five Thousand Dollars Named As Sum for Appearance When Wanted.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 5.—George M. Dusenberry, head usher of the Iroquois theatre, was arrested last night on the charge of manslaughter. He was bound over this morning to await the coroner's inquest. His bond of \$5,000 was signed by the theatre management.

Gotham Landmark Burns.

New York, Jan. 5.—The famous old mercantile landmark, "Rider's Cor-

ner," has been destroyed by fire.



ALDERMEN PREPARE TO INSPECT THEATERS

Chicago City Council Plans for Reconstruction of the Playhouses of the City.

Chicago, Jan. 5.—The city council has put in operation its plans for the reconstruction of the theaters of Chicago.

The conservative counsel of the aldermen prevailed. There was little outcry. There was no condemnation. There was no attempt to place responsibility for the Iroquois fire horror. There was no hasty action.

A commission of seven aldermen was appointed by the mayor at the order of the council. Without exception all orders, ordinances and resolutions relating to the fire and to other theaters were referred to this commission.

"What we do as a legislative body," said Ald. Foreman, "must be for the salvation of the living; not in reparation for the dead."

With every theater in the city closed—and to remain closed until this special commission reports—the seven aldermen will proceed to investigate the playhouses; will examine their structures, their exits and their safety appliances.

Expert assistance will be employed. Every method of affording safety, as absolute as can be provided, will be considered. Building laws will be revised, strengthened where necessary, wooded of immaterial features when it is found advisable. When the revision of laws has been completed the theaters will be obliged to meet their requirements. Then they may reopen.

COMMITTS MURDER AND SUICIDE

Burlington Man Also Wounds Man Who Acted as Peacemaker.

Burlington, Ia., Jan. 5.—Frank Benedict fatally shot his wife in the head, wounded Steve Edwin and then blew out his own brains. Mrs. Benedict had quarreled with him and left his home and was stopping at Erwin's place. Erwin attempted to pacify and then to disarm Benedict, but the man was too strong for him. He then hurried to a neighbor's for a shotgun. When he returned he found Benedict dead on the floor and his wife dying.

GOVERNOR NASH WILL NOT SEND HAHN BACK FOR TRIAL

Does Not Think the Accused Man Is Guilty—Political Pull Talked of.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 5.—Governor Nash revoked the extradition warrant on which W. M. Hahn has been sent to New York for trial on the charge of stealing \$39,000 from the Manhattan Insurance company of which he was an officer. The governor does not believe he is guilty.

Hahn is an ex-state insurance commissioner and an ex-member of the republican national committee and manager of Ohio campaigns.

EXPECT A PEACEFUL END TO ALL THE EASTERN TROUBLES

Berlin Foreign Office Thinks That Japan and Russia Will Patch Up Their Troubles.

Berlin, Jan. 5.—The foreign office today believed all danger in the far east situation had disappeared and the maintenance of peace a most probable one.

THE REGISTER OF WILLS

Washington Officials Confirm the Appointment of Tanner as Register of Wills.

(Special by Scripps-McLane.) Washington, Jan. 5.—James, otherwise "Corporal" Tanner has been appointed register of wills in the District of Columbia.

Capt. Bell Is Dead.

Shelbyville, Ky., Jan. 5.—Capt. John F. Bell, the father of Gen. J. Franklin Bell, U. S. A., is dead.

ANOTHER VICTIM TO THE BIG FIRE

Total Death List of the Iroquois Fire Still Increases in Number.

(Special by Scripps-McLane.) Chicago, Jan. 5.—Miss Josephine Spencer, a 17-year-old victim of the Iroquois fire, died last night, increasing the number of deaths to 591. This was an unexpected addition to the list, it being known that Miss Spencer was injured. Other deaths under similar circumstances are anticipated. Preliminary conferences with the aldermanic special commission appointed to examine theatres was held this morning. Coroner Traeger today issued a hundred summons for witnesses of the disaster.

DYNAMITE CAUSES MANY TROUBLES

Goes Off at the Wrong Time and Kills Four Men Instantly.

(Special by Scripps-McLane.) London, Jan. 5.—An explosion of the government dynamite works at Hayle, Cornwall, this morning occurred and killed four and injured several others.

MORE TROUBLE FOR THE TURK

This Time the Arabs Have Taken Matters in Their Own Hands in Their Country.

(Special by Scripps-McLane.) Berlin, Jan. 5.—The National Zeitung states another rebellion against Turkey's rule has broken out in Yemen, a province in Arabia. Four thousand troops who were sent to suppress the trouble have disappeared and it was rumored they had been destroyed. Rebellious Arabs also provice along the Persian gulf is also reported as attacked. Nine Turkish officers and thirty men were killed.

STRIKING ENGINEERS WILL MAKE STRIKE GENERAL

Many Factors Are Included in the List of Buildings Affected.

(Special by Scripps-McLane.) London, Jan. 5.—The Exchange Telegraph today says that the principal interest for the eastern situational centers about the possibility of intervention by King Edward.

COLD WAVE IS STILL BEING FELT IN THE EAST

New York City Thermometers Registered Six Below Las Night and Two Below This Morning.

(Special by Scripps-McLane.) New York, Jan. 5.—Blister cold still envelopes the east. The thermometer registered two below this morning and six below during the night.

"CORPORAL" TANNER MADE

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FROZEN TO DEATH IN ILLINOIS.

Pana, Ill., Jan. 5.—William Utens, 55 years old, a farmer living five miles south of here, was found frozen to death in his barn lot.

BIG FIRE IN KANSAS TOWN.

Overbrook, Kas., Jan. 5.—Fire in the business portion of this town of 1,000 destroyed five stores. Loss, \$50,000.

ATTENDANTS RESCUE HUNDREDS FROM FIRE

Women Inmates of State Insane Hospital at Taunton, Mass., Are Conducted to Safety.

Taunton, Mass., Jan. 5.—With every room and many of the halls filled with patients, and the outside temperature at zero, the upper story of the women's wing of the state insane hospital caught fire, and while the flames were rasing fiercely every one of the female patients were safely conducted through the smoke-choked corridors to the men's department.

Excellent discipline was shown by the attendants, and this undoubtedly saved many lives. The fireproof construction of the building confined the fire to one story. The loss is \$50,000.

Among the patients was Jane Toppan, who was convicted a year ago of several murders by poisoning.

DR. SENN WOULD DESTROY DOGS

Warns Milwaukee Officials of the Danger of Hydrophobia.

Milwaukee, Wis., Jan. 5.—Dr. Nicholas Senn of Chicago has written Health Commissioner Schultz of this city the following regarding the hydrophobia epidemic in this city: "I understand you have an epidemic of hydrophobia among dogs in your city at this time. In view of this fact I would suggest to you to resort to the most stringent measures to eliminate the same by killing or muzzling all the dogs permitted to roam about the streets for the protection of the people against this, the most terrible of all diseases."

Michael Miller, foreman of the Johnson Soap factory, was bitten by a brindle bulldog on North avenue near the Gallon tannery. An unknown man, while getting a drink in a Polish saloon, was bitten on the forehead by a large white dog. The health department is hunting for the dogs.

STATE NOTES

Dr. George F. Adams of New York, well known as a specialist in nervous diseases, has purchased an interest in a sanitarium at Kenosha.

The large henry of A. Ostrander of Pine Grove, near Plainfield, was burned Sunday, together with sixty-four hens and many farm tools.

Arthur A. Blite of the Beloit fire department surprised his friends by announcing his marriage last October to Miss Clara Walters of Denver.

The large general store of James A. Couse, ten miles southwest of Plainfield, was destroyed by fire Sunday evening, entailing a loss of \$4,700. The insurance is \$3,000.

The First National bank of Wautoma has been organized with a capital stock of \$25,000. Most of the stock has been taken by Wautoma business men and farmers.

Christ Ebsch, aged about 70 years, an old soldier of Peshtigo, attempted to shoot his wife, but the shot missed her. He afterward shot himself in the neck, but is still living.

Charles Berkowitz, proprietor of the Thorpe Bazaar, filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy in the United States court at La Crosse. His liabilities are estimated at \$3,500; assets, \$1,800.

Last week the two free state employment bureaus in Milwaukee and Superior had fifteen more applications for help than they had for employment, the number of the former being 170 and of the latter 155.

The fire loss during 1903 in Sheboygan was \$123,800, the heaviest losses being sustained by Sell, Weaver & Sell, \$12,737.43; Arthur Manz, \$7,840.50; Phoenix Chair company, \$7,638; and the Fall store, \$2,500.

At the annual meeting of the Wisconsin Tissue Paper company whose mill is located on the lower water power in Appleton, the capital stock of the company was increased from \$50,000 to \$100,000 and several new stockholders were admitted. The officers of the company are: President, Lamar Olmstead, and secretary, A. P. Hale.

The Sheboygan Light, Power and Railway company has leased the river front at the Krueger farm, about half way between Sheboygan and Plymouth, and will expend about \$1,500 in making necessary improvements, the intention being to put up a large ice skating ring and provide other facilities for outside winter amusements.

The total receipts of the Sheboygan post office during the year 1903 were \$34,385.57 from all sources, as against \$31,240.57 for 1902.

DECISION AS TO PORTO RICANS

Supreme Court Decides They Owe Allegiance to the United States.

THE LAW RELATES TO FOREIGNERS

Immigration Laws Do Not Cover the Case at Issue, and Islanders Are Entitled to Land Without Obstruction.

(Special by Scripps-McLane)

Washington, Jan. 5.—Porto Ricans are not aliens of the United States, though they are not necessarily citizens of this country, according to a decision rendered by Chief Justice Fuller of the United States Supreme court. Citizens of Porto Rico, therefore, are entitled to enter this country without obstruction.

That part we not "after immigrants" within the intent and meaning of the act of 1894.

The opinion closed with directions for the discharge of the woman.

HOLDS WOOD BLAMELESS.

Report of Committee Favoring His Promotion Is Given to Senate.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Senator Foraker, for the majority of the committee on naval affairs, submitted to the Senate a brief in favor of Brig. Gen. Wood's promotion to the rank of major general. It is concurred in by eight of the eleven members of the committee, which heard the evidence on the charges against Gen. Wood. In regard to the charges of Maj. Estes G. Rathbone the report states that all witnesses were allowed to testify, but that they were unable to support the charges, while many real or fancied grievances were shown to have been ascribed to them.

The chief justice, referring to the act of 1900, creating a civil government for Porto Rico, said that the woman was a citizen of Porto Rico under that act, and added that there was nothing expressed in the act reasonably to be implied therefrom to indicate the intention of congress that citizens of Porto Rico should be considered aliens, and the right of free access denied them.

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MAYOR WILSON TO THE COUNCIL

DELIVERED MESSAGE DEALING
WITH IMPORTANT MATTERS.

REFUND WAS NO. REFLECTION

On the Justice of the Claim for Compensation—Talks of Precautionary Fire Measures and Finance.

Immediately after reading the minutes of the previous meeting at the session of the city council last evening, Mayor A. O. Wilson read the following message to the council:

To the Honorable the Mayor and Common Council: Gentlemen—In view of the recent terrible disaster in Chicago, your attention is diverted to the condition of all the halls, places of amusement, etc., in use for public gatherings, with particular reference to the public safety in case of fire, wherever such buildings may be located in the city of Janesville.

I would recommend the enactment of an ordinance covering the entire subject for the public protection, and without unreasonable delay. And if temporary precautions, previous to the enactment of an ordinance are found necessary, that the necessary remedial shall be applied forthwith.

Financial Statement

I also have brief financial statement to submit, setting forth my public transactions with the treasurer.

During my incumbency of the office of mayor, a period of a little more than eight months, I have turned over to the treasurer the following amounts of money obtained by order of the council or otherwise, to-wit:

Money borrowed for benefit of school fund, \$ 6000 00

Money borrowed for other purposes, 4500 00

Sale of street improvement bonds 3111 60

Sale of old material 24 55

Board of review, amount refunded 65 00

Total \$13701 15

All outstanding notes representing borrowed money have been paid, and also the amounts due street improvement contractors under pre-existing contracts. The sale of old material refers to some old iron that had accumulated on a lot which the city was obliged to vacate, and the lumber item refers to the remnants of a hand stand, both of which were sold to prevent waste.

Money Returned

The return of \$65 voted by the council to the mayor for work on the board of review was not intended to reflect upon the justice of the claim, but to relieve the council of possible embarrassment, which is also true of the mayor. I certainly anticipate plenty of work during the coming season, without having to dispute legal points with people who are looking out for the interests of the city.

Through correspondence with the authorities of neighboring cities I learned that Madison allows the same pay to the mayor and clerk that other members of the board of review receive.

In Other Cities

Watertown allows \$2 per day to each member of the board including the mayor and clerk. Kenosha allows \$3 a day to the mayor for work on the board of review in addition to an allowance for each meeting of the council attended by him. The clerks in Madison and Kenosha receive the same as other members in excess of their salaries. Fond du Lac allows the mayor \$5 per day for work on the board of review. Beloit allows the mayor \$3 a day on the board of review in addition to his annual salary of \$300; the clerk the same. In addition to his salary of \$1,000 per year, Racine pays its mayor no salary, but allows him \$300 for work on the board of review.

Fair Conclusion

From these statements received from neighboring cities, it is at least a fair and reasonable conclusion that every city in the state pays for this service without question, except the city of Janesville. It has always been the custom here since 1868 and acquiesced in by the people, except possibly as to those officials who may have accepted the pay without rendering the service. I think that mayors in general are aware of the law which prevents them from receiving salaries. I had supposed, however, that a salary was a stated sum due periodically and not to be confounded with a fluctuating amount, agreed upon by different councils for extra services actually rendered the city.

Some Remarks

I consider the board of review from the standpoint of the court of last resort, in the matter of adjusting differences between the estimates of the assessors and the claims of tax-payers. This board has jurisdiction over all property, real and personal, in the city, except untaxed property. It is therefore one of the most important functions of municipal government and anything which can be done to encourage strict attention to its duties ought to be the rule and not the exception.

In Conclusion

The action of the council in this instance was apparently more justified on account of extending the time which the board of review should remain in session. Instead of the usual two-thirds the time was extended to include 27 working days, made necessary by the late adjournment of the legislature during which the board was obliged to remain open to the public. The amount of \$2.50 per day for 26 days actual attendance was therefore not deemed excessive. And the council will please take notice that in submitting these facts and opinions I have disclaimed personality, and avoided reflecting upon the conduct of any person whomsoever. Respectfully,

A. O. WILSON,
Mayor.

FOR MORE ADEQUATE FIRE PROTECTION

Council Orders Committee to Examine Into Existing Ordinances and Enforcement Thereof.

Adequate measures to protect the citizens of Janesville from any possible disaster such as the terrible one that shocked the whole civilized world last week, were discussed at some length by the city fathers last evening. Acting on the recommendation of the mayor, Calef Engineer Klein submitted the following report:

Fire Chief's Report

To the Honorable the Mayor and Common Council: In view of the recent terrible disaster in Chicago, your attention is diverted to the condition of all the halls, places of amusement, etc., in use for public gatherings, with particular reference to the public safety in case of fire, wherever such buildings may be located in the city of Janesville.

I would recommend the enactment of an ordinance covering the entire subject for the public protection, and without unreasonable delay. And if temporary precautions, previous to the enactment of an ordinance are found necessary, that the necessary remedial shall be applied forthwith.

Asks for Committee

Owing to the importance of the matter I would respectfully request that a special committee be appointed to act with the undersigned in making an examination of the various public buildings in the city for the purpose of ascertaining their condition in case of fire, and to require such alterations and safeguards to be made where needed, as the conditions and circumstances in each case would reasonably suggest.

Respectfully submitted,
CHIEF ENGINEER.

An Order Introduced

Later in the evening Judge Sale introduced an order directing the committee on public buildings to make an investigation and report.

That, if any ordinance was in force at the theatres, halls, and school buildings regarding precautions against fires; and whether or not such regulations are enforced—with particular reference to the high school.

Matter Is Discussed

Major Wilson said: "I see that all over the United States the proprietors of opera houses are sending orders for asbestos curtains. I don't know what arrangements are being made here. If none are being made, it must be understood that Janesville might have just such a horror as the one in Chicago."

Judge Sale said: "I think the auditorium in the high school is one of the worst places in the city." The order was passed by an unanimous vote.

NOW "UP TO" THE MORNING PAPER

To Come Forward and Present Reasons and Citations of Law in Support of Demand on Council.

Regarding the demand of the Recorder Printing Co. that the city take certain steps to get back the money paid to the mayor and city clerk for services rendered on the board of review, Judge Sale speaking for the judiciary committee said that the committee had had the matter under consideration since the last meeting and would report that it fully recognized the right of any taxpayer to call attention to money unlawfully drawn from the treasury and paid to officials; that it further recognizes that whereas the Recorder Printing Co. makes its demand only on the present mayor and city clerk, if it shall be found incumbent on the city authorities to prosecute them, it will also be a duty to take the same action against former mayors, city clerks, and assessors. Because all former mayors and assessors have been so recompensed since 1858. The committee also expressed its opinion that no mayor, clerk, or official had ever received a dollar except in the belief that he was justly and honestly entitled thereto. It was to be observed that the Recorder Printing Co.'s demand is peremptory. There is no reason given for the assertions that money had been unlawfully paid and no authorities cited. From the foregoing it follows that if money was lawfully paid and received it was so disbursed by a mistaken construction of the rules. If the present council was mistaken it becomes incumbent upon it to take steps to recover. The committee, therefore, recommends that the Recorder Printing Co. and other interested appear before it at an early date and present its view of the law and the reasons for its charges that money has been unlawfully disbursed. The committee believes that an honest effort to get at the truth should be made before involving the city clerk in litigation and pledges its fair and honest consideration of the reasons and citations which the said printing company and others shall present and to take the steps demanded if sufficient reasons therefor are found. In conclusion the committee asked the council to join in the invitation to the Recorder Printing Co. The order was adopted by a unanimous vote.

DUNWIDDIE HEARS IMPORTANT CASE

One of the Greatest Insurance Cases Ever Tried Is Being Heard at Madison.

Judge Dunwiddie is in Madison holding court today and is hearing one of the greatest cases in the history of Wisconsin and in fact of the whole insurance world. The case in question is the fight being waged by Insurance Commissioner Hollister against the mutual life insurance companies operating in Wisconsin on the tortious plan to compel them to divide their surpluses with their policy holders at least once every five years. In the state it involves over a hundred million dollars. Whatever will be the decision of the Janesville jurist who has been called to hear the case it is probable that the case will be taken to the supreme court for final settlement.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES

Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Frotting Piles. Your druggist will refund money if FAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50¢.

Miss Mamie Kennedy has returned from Chicago where she has been the past month the guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. Saghara.

Four Are Afflicted: Four children in the family of Oliver Osmond, living five miles from the city on the Madison road, are afflicted with scarlet fever in a malignant form. Dr. Merritt is caring for them.

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* AMONG THE WORLD'S WORKERS

News Notes From Various Sources of Great Interest to the Workingman.

It has just been announced at the offices of the Carnegie Steel company that Andrew Carnegie has set apart \$1,000,000, the interest upon which is to form a perpetual fund to relieve workmen injured in the Carnegie plants and to aid the heirs of those killed while at work. Married men will receive \$1 daily while single and single men will get 75 cents, while children under 16 will receive 10 cents daily. In case an employee is killed while at work \$500 will be given his family, while \$100 will go to the family of any child under 16 who meets death while at work.

A general conference of representatives of the Lake Seamen's Union will be held at the Chicago headquarters of the union on January 11. Revisions of the constitution and the season's agreement with the vessel owners will be considered. It is proposed to organize the deck hands on coast, river and sound steamers of the Atlantic Coast Seamen's Union, itself a part of the International Seamen's Union of America.

It is estimated that there are 60,000 organized wage earners outside the jurisdiction of the A. F. of L. President Gompers claims that the Federation's membership will reach the 3,000,000 mark before the close of 1904. It is now 2,400,000. Evidently he is calculating on merging the out-siders.

The Western Miners' Federation is to the West what the A. F. of L. is to the country at large. The combined membership is 210,000. Measured by actual cash in the treasury it is the wealthiest organization in the world.

There are today 5,000,000 day laborers in this country. One and one fourth million belong to the national trade unions, another million to trade unions not yet national in their scope and the remainder comprise the army of unorganized labor.

No employer or employee is allowed to appear in court in a labor case in New South Wales unless he belongs to a registered industrial union. It is illegal to employ free labor when union labor is available.

Members of unions affiliated with the American Federation of Labor pay yearly into their respective treasuries about \$25,000,000, of which immense sum \$20,000,000 is expended on account of strikes and \$2,000,000 for sick, death and out-of-work benefits, insurance, etc.

Albany, N. Y., is the only city in the United States that has a union of gas meter workers. Gas Meter Union No. 1 was organized there June 27, 1902, and now has a membership of nearly one hundred.

Notice was posted recently at the Midland (Eng.) Railway works that full time would be resumed. Five thousand men are affected.

Continued reduction in wages of New England cotton mill operatives have now affected 88,000 workers.

A bill for a national arbitration tribunal will be introduced in Congress by Senator Culion of Illinois.

The membership of the various railway organizations is given as not less than 235,000. They are not affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

In Western Australia, out of a total population of 244,805, 20,467 men are engaged in the gold mining industry.

A general building trades strike is threatened in Patterson, N. J.

Efforts are being made to reorganize the tin workers at Boston, Mass.

Less that a decade ago trade unionism was almost unknown in Japan; today the little country has 300,000 organized workers.

Real Estate Transfers

Arlin E. Magee et al to Geo. H. Burnell \$6000.00 lot 5 pt 4-32 Smith Add Janesville.

Hannah Partridge et al to A. V. Arnold \$1495.00 pt 4 of pt 4 of 1/4 of 1/4 and other land \$27 Plymouth.

Rollen R. Radway & wife to Geo. Knight \$250.00 lots 10,11-2 Mechanic St. Add Janesville.

Ida Burd to Isham Wheeler & wife \$5.00 pt 8 Clinton.

Almoner Easer Est. by Trustees

1st. lot 11-8 Evansville.

Walter M. Britton & wife to Geo. C. Hyde & Britton Bank \$12,400. lot 1-2 Rufus King sub. div. Beloit and other land.

M. E. Crandall & Geo. E. Coon to Randolph T. Burdick \$300.00 lot 2 pt 6-2 Buten & Conn's Add Milton Jet.

Handley B. Sexton & wife to Anna Grove \$860.00 lot 12-10 Hole & Sader's Add Janesville.

A. R. Ball & wife to Eliza J. Martin to Robert G. L. Hall \$500.00 lots 3-4 Maple Wood Park Add Beloit.

Lucy A. Chapel to D. W. Conway & E. L. Edwards \$5550.00 pt 4 of pt 4 of 1/4 and 1/4 of 1/4 \$11 Magnolia.

CHARLES ABLETT'S HOME WAS DAMAGED BY A SMALL BLAZE.

Fire Department Called To Centre Street Late Last Night.

Shortly after eleven o'clock last evening the fire department was called out to attend a blaze in the Centre street residence of Charles Ablett. The flames started from a defective chimney and damage amounted to about \$100.00 resulted.

Frank Murphy is the owner of the property.

Four Are Afflicted: Four children

in the family of Oliver Osmond, living five miles from the city on the Madison road, are afflicted with scarlet fever in a malignant form. Dr. Merritt is caring for them.

William Fox has returned to Madison.

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LODGE CALENDAR.

Masonic.
Western Star Lodge, No. 14, F. and A.—1st and 3rd Tuesday.
Janesville Lodge, No. 53, F. and A. M.—1st and 4th Tuesday.
Janesville Chapter, No. 6, R. A. M.—1st and 3rd Thursday.
Janesville Commandery, No. 2, K. T.—2nd and 4th Thursday.
Janesville Chapter, No. 69, O. E. S.—2nd and 4th Wednesday.

I. O. O. F.

Wisconsin Lodge, No. 14—Every Wednesday.

Janesville City Lodge, No. 90—Every Tuesday.

Rock River Encampment, No. 5—1st and 3rd Friday.

Canton Janesville, No. 9, Patriarchs—Militant—2nd and 4th Friday.

American Legion, No. 20, D. of R. 2nd and 4th Saturday.

Social and Benevolent Club—1st Thursday.

Janesville Lodge, No. 174, D. of H.—2nd and 4th Thursday.

Catholic Knights of Wisconsin Branch, No. 60—1st Sunday.

Elks—Janesville Lodge, No. 254—Every Tuesday.

G. A. R.—W. H. Sargent Post, No. 26—2nd and 4th Friday.

W. H. Sargent Corps, No. 21, W. H. C.—Every Alternate Tuesday.

Division, No. 1—2nd Sunday.

Knights of the Globes—Janesville Garrison, No. 19—2nd and 4th Tuesday.

Knights of the Maccabees—Rock River Tent, No. 51—1st and 3rd Monday.

Rock River Hive, No. 71, Ladies of the Macabees—1st and 3rd Monday.

Knights of Pythias—Ortodox Lodge, No. 22—Meets every Friday.

Modern Woodmen of America—Florence Camp No. 363—2nd and 4th Monday.

Crystal Camp, No. 132—2nd and 4th Wednesday.

National Union—Janesville Council, No. 238—1st Tuesday.

United Workmen.

Fraternal Reserve Association meets first and third Thursdays at Good Templars' hall.

Olde Branch, No. 36—2nd and 4th Friday.

Olde Lodge, No. 27, Degree of Honor—1st and 3rd Wednesday.

Laurel Lodge, No. 2, Degree of Honor—1st and 3rd Thursday.

Badger Council, No. 192, Royal Arcanum—2nd and 4th Monday.

Independent Order of Foresters—4th Monday.

Mystic Workers of the World—1st and 3rd Tuesday.

Omega Council, No. 214, Royal League—1st and 3rd Tuesday.

Woman's Catholic Order of Foresters—2nd and 4th Tuesday.

Colony—No. 2, R. F. F.—4th Tuesday.

St. Patrick's Court, No. 318—1st and 3rd Wednesday.

Rock River Orange, No. 11, R. F. F.—2nd and 4th Thursday.

Knights of Columbus—1st and 3rd Thursday.

People's Lodge, No. 400, I. O. O. F.—Every 3rd Friday.

Boxer Club Verein, No. 31, German Unterstellungsverein—3rd Friday.

Janesville Council, No. 108, U. C. T.—1st and 3rd Saturday.

Badger Council, No. 192, Royal Arcanum—2nd and 4th Saturday.

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Woman's Catholic Order of Foresters—2nd and 4th Saturday.

Colony—No. 2, R. F. F.—4th Saturday.

St. Patrick's Court, No. 318, W. C. O.—Saturdays 1st and 3rd Mondays.

Labor Organizations.

Journeymen Barbers' Union—1st Monday.

Painters, Paperhangers & Decorators Union—1st and 3rd Monday.

Journeymen Tailors' Union—2nd Monday.

Leather Workers.

Brewers' Union—1st and 3rd Tuesday.

Retail Clerks' Union—3d Tuesday.

Machineists' Union—2nd and 4th Tuesday.

Federal Labor Union—1st and 3rd Wednesday.

Typographical Union—1st Wednesday.

Trades Council Building Trades Council—2nd and 4th Wednesday.

Woodworkers' Union—2nd Wednesday.

Garden Workers' Union—1st Thursday.

Plumbers' Union—1st and 3rd Thursday.

Teamsters' Union—1st and 3rd Thursday.

Hope and Health For All Women

ZOA PHORA WILL CURE AND MAKE YOU A WELL WOMAN.

TRIAL PACKAGE FREE TO ALL.

Zoa Phora cures permanently and perfectly all diseases, weaknesses and irregularities of the sex, misplacements, suppressed and painful periods, flooding, leucorrhea, kidney, bladder and liver troubles, makes childbirth easy and regulates the change of life. For the critical period of transition from maidenhood to womanhood it is a matchless remedy. All women unite in praising it and all who have used it rejoice in perfect health.

Mrs. Paul Burns, Parshallville, Mich., writes: "I want all my friends to know the great good Zoa Phora has done for me. I suffered for months with serious prostration, sick headache and kidney and bladder trouble. After holding consultation four doctors said I could not live without an operation, and I was too weak to have one. Bunches formed in my bowels and I became so sore that I lost the use of my limbs. The doctor called the bunches tumors. He said that I also had a floating kidney and would not be any better until I had it sewn in place. After using one bottle of Zoa Phora, I could stand on my feet, and after taking three bottles I could walk around the room, and after the fourth bottle I was able to walk out-of-doors."

Write the Zoa Phora Co., Kalama-zoo, Mich., for a free trial bottle and copy of their illustrated medical book "Dr. Pongely's Advice to Women." The doctor will gladly give free special advice when needed. Zoa Phora is for sale at \$1.00 a bottle by all druggists.



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EMPHATIC TALK

The Kind That Carries Conviction to Every Janesville Reader.
Conviction must follow such emphatic proof as is given here. The testimony of Janesville residents should satisfy the most skeptical. Here is a Janesville case. Read it and see if doubt can exist in the face of this evidence.

Mr. E. T. Fish, of 255 Ravine street, proprietor of the Fish Dray Line says: "When I was twenty years of age I fell injuring my back, and ever since that I was troubled more or less with a dull aching pain across the loins. It never laid me up but it was often painful and annoying. Of late years I have gone to a physician every six months and had myself thoroughly examined under the impression that there might be something wrong with my kidneys. The diagnosis always resulting in the physician claiming these organs were sound, but as the pains existed when I happened to notice in our Janesville papers that Doan's Kidney Pills were guaranteed to cure just such troubles I procured a box at the People's Drug store and took them. Doan's Kidney Pills are a good preparation. My back has not ached since I used them. I have heard others speak very complimentary of them and if I did not know their merit and required such a medicine I would consider it a favor if some one suggested their use to me. For this reason I endorse them."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers' Union—1st and 3rd Friday.

International Association of Railway Clerks—first Tuesday in October and third Tuesdays in January.

Interior Freight Handlers and Warehousemen's Union No. 37 meets first and third Wednesdays.

Carpenters' Union—1st and 3rd Friday.

Women's Union Label League—2nd and 4th Friday.

Stone Cutters' Association of North America—3rd Friday.

Bricklayers' & Masons' Union, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen—1st and 3rd Saturday.

Good coffee, a bit of sausages and a plate of Mrs. Austin's Buckwheat cakes makes a perfect breakfast.

A CARD

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Green's warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

E. A. Beloit, Geo. E. King & Co., E. H. Beloit, Smith, Plummer, People's Drug Co., H. E. Harmon & Co., Janesville, Wis.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take Laxative Brome Saline Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Groce's signature is on Price 25 cents.

Mrs. Austin's Buckwheat flour is best of all. Don't forget to ask your grocer for it.

JANESVILLE MARKET REPORT

Quotations on Grain and Produce Reported for the Gazette, REPORTED BY F. A. NOON & CO. December 29, 1903.

FLOUR—1st Pat. at \$1.20 to \$1.25; 2nd Pat. at \$1.10 to \$1.20 per sack.

WHARF—No. 3 Winter, \$57.00; No. 3 Spring, \$58.62 cents.

BEEF—By sample, at 48¢ to 52¢ per lb.

BUTTER—Extra 44¢ to 51¢ fair to good melting, 40¢ to 45¢; many grades, \$0.92 to \$1.

CORN—Ears, now per ear 45¢ to 50¢ depending on quality.

OATS—23¢ to 33¢.

CLOVER SEED—\$7.75 to \$8.00 per lb.

TIMOTHY SEED—Ratais at \$1.30 to \$1.40 per lb.

FEED—Pork, \$1.00 to \$1.20 cwt.; corn, \$0.10 to \$0.12 cwt.

MEAT—\$1.00 to \$1.20 per lb.

MEAL—\$1.15 to \$1.25 per ton.

HAY—\$8.00 per ton; baled, \$9.00.

TALK OF PANAMA.

Mr. Morgan Criticizes President, While Other Senators Defend Him.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Monday was Panama day in the senate. The president was upheld by some senators and criticized severely by Mr. Morgan. The latter's resolution, declaring that neither the president nor the president of the senate, as the treaty-making power of the United States, has the lawful power to wage or declare war against any foreign power without the consent of congress, when such country is at peace with the United States," was taken up, and Mr. McCormick (Md.) began a discussion of the Isthmian situation. He characterized the president's message as a "clearly cogent and abundantly convincing presentation of the situation." Mr. Stewart (Nev.) followed with an indorsement of the course of the administration on the Panama question, although he, had formerly been in favor of the Nicaraguan route. Mr. Morgan (Ala.) said that instead of the uprising being that of one man, as declared by the president, it had been an uprising of eight men, who for months had been in conspiracy against the real people of Panama. He declared that Roosevelt's interference in Columbia's affairs on the Isthmus was unjustified by the constitution and asserted that if there was to be a general policy on the part of the United States of upholding civilization that policy must be undertaken by congress and "not left to blazon on the lance of some individual American Sancho Panza to be thrust into the bosom of a friendly power." Senator Morgan referred to President McKinley's attitude toward the canal route and declared "Nicaragua has a better friend in the grave of William McKinley than Panama has in the present head of the American army and navy." He asserted that the present effort to secure Democratic votes for the treaty was a Republican expedient to defeat any canal and aid the president's campaign for re-election.

My interested friend was a confederate whom it was intended should, if possible, secure the money before the other's arrival. Both were novices and had not learned the adage, "Too many cooks spoil the broth."

When the real Mr. Hall arrived after considerable telegraphing to Chicago he received his package from the safe of the hotel. I got a big advance in salary and have been going up ever since.

CUTHBERT F. ROE.

"TOO MANY COOKS"

(Original)

"Jenkins," said Mr. Steele of Steele & Co., bankers, of Philadelphia, a customer of the name of Hall—John V. Hall arrives in New York from the west tomorrow and wishes to make a tender of cash in a deal in which he prefers not to offer a check. Here is \$8,000 in hundred dollar notes. Count them. Now place the notes, without folding, in this envelope. That's right. The safest place is in the inner side pocket of your coat. There's no other place about you where you can keep them so well under touch. It looks a little bulky over your left chest, but most men carry a handkerchief there. Here is a photograph he has sent me, taken in the suit he will wear."

I took the photograph, which was that of a tall, spare man, with mutton chop whiskers, dressed in a pepper and salt suit.

"It's all right," continued Mr. Steele. "I know him, and it's I who advised him to make the tender in legal currency. We have been in correspondence about it for some time. He is a real estate operator, having one of the largest real estate offices in Chicago."

"Where am I to meet him?"

"At the Grand Central depot, in New York, on the arrival of the Chicago limited tomorrow morning."

When I reached the station I had eaten a hearty meal, and, being an inveterate smoker, I took a seat in the smoking car. Three men sitting in the seat in front of me needed a fourth man to make up a game of whist. I consented to help them out provided there was no stake. They agreed, and I sat down and played with them. During the game I caught one of the men looking at the protuberance on my chest. When we tired of playing and I went into another car he followed me, endeavoring to draw me into conversation. He asked me where I was going, what hotel I intended staying at and a number of other questions. I admitted that I was going to New York; but, not relishing his interest in me, I threw him off to the hotel. I supposed I had thrown him off in this respect, but I did not, for when I went to the office of a hotel near the Grand Central depot and put my name on the register the next man to sign was my intended friend. Trouble is looked for when the eviction starts.

"Hello! You here?" he exclaimed, with apparent surprise. "I supposed you were going to the B."

"Changed my mind," I said.

The fellow invited me to have a drink before going to bed, but I declined on the ground that I never drank and was too tired to sit up minute longer than was necessary. With this I went upstairs, but instead of undressing I sat in my room for an hour, then took my package down to the office and had it placed in the safe. Then, procuring an envelope, I took it to my room and filled it with a part of a newspaper. I was interested to know if my dummy package would be in my room the next morning. I felt a strong suspicion that it would not. In this I was mistaken.

I breakfasted the next morning with the dummy package in my coat pocket. My interested friend came in, sat down at a neighboring table and saluted me with a flourish of his hand. I had by this time made up my mind that he knew I had a sum of money in charge, but how he could have got the information was a mystery. I determined to meet Mr. Hall in the depot, which was across the street, bring him to the hotel and deliver the money from the safe. After that, though I should warn him, it would be at his risk.

THE JANESEVILLE GAZETTE

Entered at the post office at Janesville, Wisconsin, as second class mail matter.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

Daily Edition—By Carrier	\$3.00
One Year.....	\$3.00
One Year, half in advance.....	.50
One Month, cash in advance.....	1.25
Three Months, cash in advance.....	1.25
Daily Edition—By Mail	
CASH IN ADVANCE.	
One Year.....	\$1.00
Six Months.....	.50
One Year—Postal delivery in Rock Co.	1.00
Big Month, postal delivery in Rock Co.	1.00
WEEKLY EDITION—One Year.....	1.00
Long Distance Telephone, No. 77	
Business Office	77-2
Editorial Rooms	77-3



Rain or snow Wednesday; rising temperature.

NOTICE TO PATRONS

Subscribers will confer a favor by reporting to the office any neglect on the part of carrier boys in the delivery of the paper. The boys are instructed to put the paper in mail boxes wherever they are supplied, and to call "paper" on delivery.

GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

ROOSEVELT'S MESSAGE.

At the convening of Congress in Washington President Roosevelt sent to that body his message. He treated only the Panama canal question and most clearly outlined the stand the United States took and the reasons the new republic of Panama was recognized by the state department at Washington. The message is really a historical paper. It tells of the making of history and shows just what was done, why it was done and when it was done. In preparing it President Roosevelt showed that he had closely watched the attempts of Colombia to brow beat the United States and the results. One remarkable statement is made which clearly shows the man as a man and a statesman not as a jinglist as many of our Democratic brethren would have us believe. The message had set forth at length the action of the United State naval officers in landing sailors to prevent the use of the Panama railway by either the insurgents of the Colombian troops. He says "Our action was for the peace both of Colombia and Panama." It is earnestly to be hoped that there will be no unwise conduct on our part which may encourage Colombia to embark on a war which can not result in her regaining control of the Isthmus, but which may cause bloodshed and suffering."

This statement should be taken as a direct warning to the anti-administration leaders not to take the stand they did as regards the Philippines and encourage the Colombians to start a war in the hopes of making political capital of it for the Democratic party in the United States. It also means that a speedy recognition of the existing circumstances, which led to the recognition of Panama by the president, congress will do much to discourage Colombia from waging a useless and bloody war. One more statement in the address explains the President's attitude towards the anti-administration forces who have spread the report he and others of the nation's chief executives fostered the rebellion for the sake of the canal.

He says, "I hesitate to refer to injurious insinuations which have been made of complicity by this government in the revolutionary movement in Panama. They are as destitute of foundation as of propriety." Not only is the President's address in favor of the acceptance of the present treaty with Panama for the canal rights logical but it is so replete with interesting data and facts not hitherto known it should be preserved for its historical value.

COMMERCE REPORT.

Details of eleven months' commerce of the year 1903 are just made public by the Department of Commerce and Labor through its Bureau of Statistics. They only show an increase in practically all of the great groups into which the Bureau of Statistics divides the exports and in all the groups into which it divides the imports. Agricultural products, as a whole, show an increase of 47 million dollars; products of the forests, 10 millions; products of the mines, 8 millions; manufacturers, 5 millions, and miscellaneous articles, 2 millions. In the single group, fisheries, is shown a slight decrease of a little more than \$1,000,000.

The figures for the month of November show a marked growth in exports of manufacturers, the total for the month being \$31,093,639, against \$30,513,512 in November of last year. Agricultural products also show a marked increase in the month the figures for November, 1903, being \$114,172,255, against \$83,025,850 in the same month last year. The increase in agricultural exports oc-

curs chiefly in cotton, of which the value of the month's exports is unusually high.

The increase in exports of manufactures is distributed through many articles, but does not occur, as had been expected, in iron and steel. Discussion in trade circles and in the press during the past few weeks have predicted a revival in the export trade of iron and steel manufacturers, but the November figures of exports of this class of merchandise do not justify this prediction.

The total value of iron and steel manufactures exported in November, 1903, was \$7,988,415, against \$8,111,924 in November of 1902, \$8,180,193 in November, 1901, and \$10,112,721 in November, 1900. For the eleven months ending with November the total exports of iron and steel manufactures are \$89,685,201 in value, against \$80,136,124 in the corresponding months of 1902, and \$84,112,752 in the corresponding months of 1901. Notwithstanding the slight decrease in exports of iron and steel, the total of all manufactures exported during the eleven months ending with November, 1903, is \$352,708,127, against \$377,557,576 in the corresponding months of last year.

Imports for the month show a decrease of over \$8,000,000 compared with November of the preceding year. This decrease is divided between manufacturers' materials, food stuffs, and the group designated as "articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc." The largest decrease occurs in the group "articles wholly or partially manufactured for use in manufacturing," the reduction in this class being about \$2,000,000, as compared with the corresponding month of the preceding year. This reduction occurs largely in iron and steel, of which the importations for the month are less than half those of the corresponding month of last year, the figures for November, 1903, being \$2,309,233, against \$4,779,093 in November, 1902. For the eleven months ending with November, articles wholly or partially manufactured for use in manufacturing show an increase of \$15,000,000 over the corresponding months of last year, while articles in a crude condition for use in manufacturing show an increase of \$11,000,000 in 1903, as compared with the corresponding months of 1902.

Summarizing the story told by the figures for the month of November and the eleven months ending with November, it may be said that they indicate a growth in exports of manufactures, but that the expected increase of exports of iron and steel manufacturers has not developed. Imports of iron and steel manufactures, however, show a decrease in November, 1903, as compared with November, 1902, though for the entire eleven months the figures of iron and steel imports are slightly in excess of those of last year. Importations of other manufacturers' materials also show a slight decrease in November as compared with November of last year, but a marked increase in the eleven months ending with November are considered in comparison with the corresponding months of last year.

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Still Russia and Japan snap and snarl at each other and fight over that bone in the far east.

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So Wood will get there after all.

PRESS COMMENT.

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Milwaukee Sentinel: People who have been disapprented the deception of children with the Santa Claus fib will be pained to learn that a Chicago boy has just shot his aunt because she didn't give him a Christmas present.

Madison Journal: A Philadelphia contemporary has discovered a joke in a dictionary, no other than the learned and staid "Century." It is one of those unconscious bits of humor: Under the word "question" is the following: "To pop the question—see pop."

Eau Claire Leader: A crowd always know more than one man. Those who insisted that John C. Spooner was the logical man to succeed himself in the United States Senate, are having their judgment rewarded. Mr. Spooner is an active factor in the debates at Washington, especially on constitutional and important questions.

WILL THEY COME?

Reports are current that President Roosevelt has announced to the two Wisconsin Senators that he desires them to aid in holding Wisconsin in line and in closing up the breach between the two factions of the republican party. He has also intimated it is said that he would like to have them head the republican delegation from Wisconsin to the national convention. The question is now will the Senators come and work as their henchmen have for four years past and help hold that state convention for republicanism and not factionism. By word of mouth the junior senator has announced his intention of being present and of attending the state convention whenever held. The next problem is what will they do if they come? Will they stand back and let the fight continue or will they help the men who helped them and assure the nomination of a man who will be acceptable to both branches of the party or not?

WALL STREET ALARMED.

Wall Street once controlled the United States from a political standpoint. The days of their power are waning and other and better elements than the followers of the golden calf are controlling the destinies of the country. Because President Roosevelt dared to stand out and defy the leaders of the great financial ring they have fought his renomination and veiled threats have been made that he would not be elected. If nominated now comes a bold Senator from the Northwest who says that if the Democrats win the next national election and control the congress many hitherto idle bound senators, will vote with them for the reforms they advocate and give Wall Street a taste of the medicine they would give others. It is time to check the power of this coterie of men who make and break politicians at their will and this

Menasha Record: Punishment, severe and hard, is the only remedy for crime. Sympathy is wrong and has tended to develop a criminal class that should be suppressed. It has made the task harder for the people of today. The reform societies have managed to get serious offenders light sentences and frequently parsons and have given criminals prisons much more luxurious than their victims can have for homes. It has taken away the sting of the punishment so that many a criminal will give in when detected merely because he knows that punishment is a farce.

Evening Wisconsin: Fortunately the recognition of Panama may become satisfactory to Colombia. The latter owes \$15,000,000 to its foreign creditors. The Panama authorities have agreed to assume a portion of the foreign debt. Panama is a very small state and contains only one-sixteenth of the population of Colombia. Panama therefore purposed to assume and pay 1,000,000 of that foreign indebtedness. She insists she should not pay any more because the money borrowed was squandered by the Bogota congress. All the foreign creditors of Colombia, and they are among the great nations, will urge a peaceful settlement, as a war would utterly ruin Colombia.

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WOOD IS FAVORED.

Much capital has been made by the anti-administration Senators over the holding up of General Wood's promotion by the committee on military affairs. They have denounced the President for his seeming favoritism of his special friend and have told weird tales of the manner in which Wood handled matters in the Philippines and in Cuba. On Monday Congress convened after its Christmas recess. Monday afternoon the word went out that the Senate Committee would report favorably on General Wood and he would receive his much merited promotion. Thus is another enemy of the administration laid low and another ghost story run to earth and found to be full of the lying tissue that characterize the action of the men who are against the regular order of affairs.

It is said that Germany with the mailed fist will step in between Japan and Russia and attempt to settle their difficulties by arbitration. This is a new rule for the fierce German Emperor but it must be remembered, he is a sick man and sick men are liable to do most anything.

Chicago is still mourning the loss of the victims of the Iroquois fire and meanwhile all the theatres are closed not out of respect for the dead but because the mayor says they must be.

England still prepares for war although she wishes that Anglo-Saxon Japanese alliance was in the bottom of the ocean.

Uncle Sam has his hands full down at Panama but he can still stop and shed a tear over the loss of life at the Chenglo fire.

Mr. Baenisch still continues to move his pawns in the great game of state politics. He is near the king now.

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WOOD IS FAVORED.

Much capital has been made by the anti-administration Senators over the holding up of General Wood's promotion by the committee on military affairs. They have denounced the President for his seeming favoritism of his special friend and have told weird tales of the manner in which Wood handled matters in the Philippines and in Cuba. On Monday Congress convened after its Christmas recess. Monday afternoon the word went out that the Senate Committee would report favorably on General Wood and he would receive his much merited promotion. Thus is another enemy of the administration laid low and another ghost story run to earth and found to be full of the lying tissue that characterize the action of the men who are against the regular order of affairs.

The total value of iron and steel manufactures exported in November, 1903, was \$7,988,415, against \$8,111,924 in November of 1902, \$8,180,193 in November, 1901, and \$10,112,721 in November, 1900. For the eleven months ending with November the total exports of iron and steel manufactures are \$89,685,201 in value, against \$80,136,124 in the corresponding months of 1902, and \$84,112,752 in the corresponding months of 1901. Notwithstanding the slight decrease in exports of iron and steel, the total of all manufactures exported during the eleven months ending with November, 1903, is \$352,708,127, against \$377,557,576 in the corresponding months of last year.

Imports for the month show a decrease of over \$8,000,000 compared with November of the preceding year. This decrease is divided between manufacturers' materials, food stuffs, and the group designated as "articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc." The largest decrease occurs in the group "articles wholly or partially manufactured for use in manufacturing," the reduction in this class being about \$2,000,000, as compared with the corresponding month of the preceding year. This reduction occurs largely in iron and steel, of which the importations for the month are less than half those of the corresponding month of last year, the figures for November, 1903, being \$2,309,233, against \$4,779,093 in November, 1902. For the eleven months ending with November, articles wholly or partially manufactured for use in manufacturing show an increase of \$15,000,000 over the corresponding months of last year, while articles in a crude condition for use in manufacturing show an increase of \$11,000,000 in 1903, as compared with the corresponding months of 1902.

Imports of iron and steel manufactures, however, show a decrease in November, 1903, as compared with November, 1902, though for the entire eleven months the figures of iron and steel imports are slightly in excess of those of last year. Importations of other manufacturers' materials also show a slight decrease in November as compared with November of last year, but a marked increase in the eleven months ending with November are considered in comparison with the corresponding months of last year.

Roosevelt has shown he is a statesman as well as a soldier in the handling the Bogota government.

Still Russia and Japan snap and snarl at each other and fight over that bone in the far east.

That Panama revolution was bloodless but it might have been otherwise.

So Wood will get there after all.

PRESS COMMENT.

Weyanega Chronicle: Shorthand was used in Egypt three centuries before our era. A recently discovered papyrus contains a contract between a shorthand teacher and a man who wished it taught to one of his slaves.

Milwaukee Sentinel: People who have been disapprented the deception of children with the Santa Claus fib will be pained to learn that a Chicago boy has just shot his aunt because she didn't give him a Christmas present.

Madison Journal: A Philadelphia contemporary has discovered a joke in a dictionary, no other than the learned and staid "Century." It is one of those unconscious bits of humor: Under the word "question" is the following: "To pop the question—see pop."

Eau Claire Leader: A crowd always know more than one man. Those who insisted that John C. Spooner was the logical man to succeed himself in the United States Senate, are having their judgment rewarded. Mr. Spooner is an active factor in the debates at Washington, especially on constitutional and important questions.

WILL THEY COME?

Reports are current that President Roosevelt has announced to the two Wisconsin Senators that he desires them to aid in holding Wisconsin in line and in closing up the breach between the two factions of the republican party. He has also intimated it is said that he would like to have them head the republican delegation from Wisconsin to the national convention. The question is now will the Senators come and work as their henchmen have for four years past and help hold that state convention for republicanism and not factionism. By word of mouth the junior senator has announced his intention of being present and of attending the state convention whenever held. The next problem

QUERIES ASKED ABOUT THE SUIT

WAVE OF REFORM STARTED BY
THE RECORDER.

BUT WHY NOT GO BACK

And Ask Past Mayors to Pay Up the
Money They Received, to Show
Real Good Faith?

To the Editor—Probably few readers of the Recorder have been deceived by the anxiety to protest the city's interests recently and for the first time manifested by its editor. It is pretty well understood that the real object of this editor is that the mayor and city clerk pay back to the city treasury money received by them for their services as members of the Board of Review, is not any desire for the city's welfare, but an excuse to attack the Municipal League, because the mayor and city clerk were its candidates. The editor of the Recorder has always opposed the Municipal League, preferring to court the ring which ran city affairs so long and so unprofitably to the tax-payers. Just why the editor should think such a course likely to help him politically or otherwise in Janesville, has long been a mystery to his friends; but he has chosen that way. To make it plain that the Recorder's apparent solicitude for the city's interests is only a pretense, it is only necessary to call attention to the facts.

The editor claims that the mayor and city clerk are not legally entitled to draw pay from the city for the services mentioned. If the present mayor and city clerk are not entitled to it, none of the mayors and clerks who have drawn such pay for a number of years back are entitled to it, and if the editor of the Recorder really desires to benefit the city, why does he not call upon the ex-Mayor Richardson, ex-Mayor Thorpe, and other former mayors and city clerks, to pay back into the treasury the money received by them for their services? Even those protected by lapse of time might not thus try to escape liability. Will the Recorder come out tomorrow morning with a "scared head" calling upon former mayors and city clerks to return to the treasury money they have thus drawn, and ask the city to bring suits against them if they do not, and threaten to sue them itself if the city does not? No, it will not, neither tomorrow nor at any other time. It will continue to keep still about everybody except the present Mayor and City Clerk, thus showing clearly that its apparent desire to protect the city is a sham.

A LEAGUE MEMBER.

SEVERAL MATTERS BEFORE COUNCIL

Action Taken Regarding a Bond from
Edward J. Kann & Co.—Take
Up Franchise Wednesday Night.

The council adjourned last evening to meet again at eight o'clock Wednesday evening to take up the matter for the application of a franchise presented by the Southern Wisconsin Interurban Ry. Co.

The opinion of the city attorney on the powers and duties of the police commission was rendered. He found that such commission was not authorized to prescribe the duties of police officers and that its powers were little more than those of a civil service board.

The application for a transfer of a saloon license from Mrs. J. S. Dayton, 60 S. River street, to J. E. Hemming was granted.

Rules for Garbage Disposal

Alderman Mills said that the committee appointed to consider the question of garbage disposal would like further time to report. He would recommend that a committee be appointed to formulate rules and regulations for such disposal. The matter was referred by a motion to the sewerage committee and the health commissioner.

Transient Merchant Action

The select committee appointed to consider the advisability of requiring a bond of good faith from the clothing firm of Edward J. Kann & Co., reported that it was satisfied after investigation that such action should be taken. By a vote of 6 to 4 a resolution to require of this concern a bond in the penal sum of \$450 to secure the payment of the city license in event they fail to become permanent merchants, was adopted. The amendment to the ordinance of 1897, requiring that no transient merchant shall sell or dispose of goods without paying a license fee of \$10 a day, with the proviso that any person who declares his intention of becoming a permanent merchant may be required to give a bond in the penal sum not exceeding \$500, was also adopted by the same vote.

**LOUIS DOPP WEDS
FLORENCE E. HILL**

Was Married on New Years Eve at
Harvard, in Presence of
Friends.

On Thursday evening, just before the old year died and the new one came into existence, Louis Dopp, the son of Mr. and Mrs. George M. Dopp of this city, and Miss Florence Hill of Harvard, were united in marriage at the home of the bride in Harvard, in the presence of a few intimate friends and relatives. Mr. Dopp is well remembered here, having worked in the Gazette Job room for many years. He is at present bill clerk at the Deering station of the North-Western, read in Chicago. The happy couple left for a wedding trip to St. Paul after which they will make their home in Chicago.

Rollin Lewis, Stanley Dunwiddie and Herbert Goldin have returned to Madison to resume their studies in the University.

The Misses Louise Merrill, Elizabeth McKey, Truca Kellar, Retta Kinnall, Margaret Jackman, Ella Sutherland and Sarah Sutherland have returned to Madison university.

**THINK HE LIVED
AFTER TRAGEDY**

Friends and Relatives of the Late Frank Hayes, Believe He Was Taken to a Hospital After Fire.

Charles Connell returned Saturday evening from Chicago where he attended the funeral of the late Frank Hayes. He says that the parents and relatives believe that the young man lived for a day after the tragedy as his body was not brought to Rollston's morgue until the second day after the fire. Those who were hurt were hurried to all sorts of emergency hospitals and of course it was impossible for those in charge to communicate with friends immediately. Only the collar of Mr. Hayes' overcoat was burned but the body was bruised as if it had been trampled upon. The father did not know that his son had gone to the theatre until seven o'clock Wednesday evening. Mr. Connell says that in the cemeteries there were scores and scores of coffin boxes piled in tiers three high in places.

Henry O. Shepard

Henry O. Shepard, the well known head of the big printing establishment which carried his name and who died in Chicago recently, was a first cousin of C. T. Shepard of 106 Terrace street, of this city. Mr. Shepard was also the head of the Inland Printer, representative magazine of the printers' trade all over the United States. Mr. Shepard was taken strongly for the government position of public printer some time ago. The funeral was held at Chicago yesterday.

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BRIEF BITS OF LOCAL NEWS

Talk to Lowell. Jell-O, 3 packages for 25c, Lowell. See the ladies' fleece ribbed underwear. Regular 50c values we are selling at 37½c. T. P. Burns. Sausages of all kinds, Lowell. Beef and pork tenderloin, Lowell. There are no cut prices on cloths anywhere near as low as our cut prices this season. When you see our values you will agree with us, T. P. Burns.

Plenty of best dairy butter, Lowell.

Mrs. Altgeld and her niece, Miss Fay Ford, who have been the guests of Mrs. Will Jeffers, returned to Chicago this morning. Mrs. Altgeld is the widow of the late Governor Altgeld of Illinois, and both she and Miss Ford are cousins of Mrs. Jeffers.

Herkimer County N. Y. cheese, 15c lb. Lowell.

Dr. Euse's cushion soled shoes at King & Cowles'.

The Woman's Foreign Mission circle of Court Street, M. E. church will meet with Mrs. Matthy, 279 St. Mary's avenue Wednesday, January 6 at 2:45 in the afternoon. Quotations on giving. This also is our winter box opening, a change being made at the branch meeting. Let every member be present. Friends welcome. Leave Milton avenue car at St. Mary's avenue, turn to the left, third house.

Eddy's Reliable baking powder, Lowell.

Arbuckle's Arlissa coffee, Lowell. New York state apples, \$3.00 per barrel, Lowell.

Try the cushion soled shoe that we are showing. They are fine for cold feet. King & Cowles.

"Ashland's Best" flour, \$1.10, Lowell.

Navy beans, per qt., 5c. 6 doz. clothes pins, 5c.

New dates, per lb., 5c.

Mallard brand salmon, 2 cans for 25c.

Lion coffee, per lb., 10c.

Just received 50 cases of solid packed tomatoes, 7c per can, 4 cans, 25c. Early June peas, 7c per can, 4 cans, 25c.

E. R. WINSLOW.

20 N. Main St.

Fine chickens, Lowell.

NEWS OF A PERSONAL NATURE

Thos. Earle, the Edgerton tobacco dealer, was in the city today.

Word has been received in the city of the serious illness of George Van Etta, a former resident here, but now living in Chicago.

William J. Dee returned to Chicago yesterday, being called here by the death of his mother, the late Mrs. James Dee.

The Athena History class will meet tomorrow, Wednesday, afternoon at 2:30 at the Caledonian rooms.

Victor Marinucci has returned to Madison after spending the holidays with Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Grant.

Miss Bethana Miller left this morning for Oberlin, Ohio, where she will take special study in the college for the balance of the academic year.

P. G. Strickler left this morning for the east on a business trip in the interests of the Rock River Hay Tool Co.

M. J. Barron, a Beloit cigar manufacturer, was in the city today looking after the interests of the local trade.

Allan and Stowe Loveloy left yesterday for New Haven, Conn., where they will attend Yale university during the coming term.

Mrs. G. M. Beckwith of Chicago is making a brief visit at the home of C. H. Wehrle, 168 Garfield avenue.

Ray E. Stewart, who has been living at Monroe has accepted a position in the jewelry store of Hall, Sayles & Fifield. He assumed his duties Monday.

DID MAN DIE FROM GLANDERS CONTRACTED FROM A HORSE?

Dr. Roberts Receives Word from Seymour of a Disease-cased Horse.

State Veterinarian Roberts today received a letter from Justice of the Peace, Pittman of Seymour, announcing that a daughter of A. G. Fuller of that place has a horse which is suspected of having glanders and that her husband is thought to have died from coming in contact with the animal. The Doctor will leave for Seymour in the morning to investigate the case.

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...Forty Years Ago...

Janesville Daily Gazette, Tuesday, January 5th, 1864.—Our Quota.—The quota of Janesville is not quite full yet. A few more men are needed.

An Award of Beauty.—At the glass blowers exhibition last evening the award that was advertised to be given to the handsomest lady in the hall, was conceded by the committee of gentlemen appointed to decide this matter, to Miss Dell Granger. The handsomest man is to be passed upon tomorrow evening.

Off the Track.—The express train on the Chicago & Northwestern road, ran off the track last night about two miles north of Palestine. No one was injured, but the train due here at half past one today was slightly delayed by the mishap.

Off for Madison.—The depot was crowded yesterday afternoon with volunteers about embarking for Madison to be mustered into service. They were all fine looking men.

Union Prayer Meeting.—The Union prayer meeting will be held at the Methodist church this evening at 7 o'clock.

The statute of freedom just put in its place in the National Capitol, was cast with the labor of slaves.

day, broke off one of his ears, it

having been froze stiff by exposure.

During the recent storm embargo, nine or ten trains were snowed under on the La Crosse road. Five dollars a day and rations was offered for workmen to help clear the track.

While roses are in full bloom in New Orleans, the mercury indicates thirty-four degrees below zero in Wisconsin.

A patriotic old lady recently sent three smoking caps as presents to officers in the Potomac Army. One was for General Meade and the remaining two she desired to be presented to two generals, one of whom must be a teetotaller, and the other one was never to indulge in profanity. Gen. Williams, Chief of Gen. Meade's staff, took the anti-profanity cap, and Gen. Hunt the temperance cap.

Cotton in Utah.—We learn from the Farmers' Oracle, of Spring Lake, Utah, that quite a good crop of cotton has been raised in that territory last year. Brigham Young has a cotton manufacture in operation, and another is soon to be erected at Springville. The quantity raised will average about five pounds for each inhabitant.

A man in Milwaukee on New Years

Mrs. Thos. Young, Sr., and daughters, Cora and Anna, R. L. Earle and family, and Mr. and Mrs. J. Robertson took New Years dinner with Mr. and Mrs. Nelson of Edgerton.

Mr. and Mrs. Judd McCarthy of Madison spent the past week at the home of Mrs. J. F. McCarthy.

Paul Savage has returned from his trip to Baraboo.

Will Harls spent the holidays with O. Vining and family.

Dan Mahanna of McFarland has returned home after a weeks visit with relatives here.

Mrs. Nora Mann has gone to Evansville to spend the winter with her sister, Mrs. W. Walker.

Willie Kelm has a new cutter. Myrtle Vining and Mary Kelm will resume their studies at Evansville this week.

Mrs. James Gillies of Edgerton is here caring for her sister, Mrs. Will Porter.

MILTON.

Milton, Jan. 5.—The annual meeting of the Seventh-Day Baptist church and society took place Sunday. At the conclusion of the business session at which the treasurer made the announcement that the society was out of debt and had a balance in the treasury, dinner was served and about three hundred covers were laid. It was a pleasant occasion for all despite the arctic temperature.

Supt. J. B. Barden of Marshfield, visited his relatives here last week as he was enroute home from the State Teachers Association.

Miss Delta Bevers spent the New Year day with Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Gifford.

The two rural carriers from this office handled between eleven and twelve thousand pieces of mail in December.

W. P. Clarke leaves tomorrow for Chicago to take treatment for bowel and stomach troubles. He expects to be absent a month and pharmacist Koerner of Janesville takes charge of his drug business.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Schrader served an excellent Christmas dinner which was greatly enjoyed by R. H. Saunders and family, Geo. Heydon and family, Mrs. Delta Gray of Whitewater, and Miss Sewright of Oregon.

Miss M. A. Flaville spent Thursday and Friday with Janesville friends. R. W. Clarke returned to Madison Friday to resume his law school work.

Mrs. H. C. Reynolds has been seriously ill, but is better now.

Clara Wells and H. C. Risdon spent Sunday in Milwaukee.

Miss Pugsley returned from Milwaukee Sunday morning.

John M. Home of Milwaukee spent Sunday at the farm.

26 below zero Monday morning.

A student from Japan began his studies in the college today. He came here from Boston.

UNION.

Union, Jan. 4.—W. F. H. Johnson and wife of Evansville took dinner with E. L. Rosa and family, New Years day.

The New Years sociable was quite well attended in spite of the cold weather.

Dora Frost visited friends in Avon and Newark last week.

Mr. Geo. Fisher is unable to work on account of trouble with his eye, Ed. Halverson is doing his work.

Mr. James Nelson is slowly recovering from his injury caused by a fall.

Ethel Benway visited her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Benway, Saturday, Jan. 2.

Grand Benway gave his mother-in-law, Mrs. M. A. Putman, a heating stove for a Christmas present.

A party of young folk came out from Evansville New Years Eve, for a "lark." They made their headquarters at Mr. Gillies, and from the noise they made awoke many in the noise that was heard rather late in the evening there can be no doubt as to the capacity of their lungs.

Miss Mary Knutson is visiting relatives in Milwaukee and her sister Oigo is taking her place at Mrs. Hulls.

Miss Blakely of Darion and Mr. Ingram of Iowa, are visiting their cousins, the Franklins in this vicinity.

Mrs. Hull visited her brother, Mr. Covil, in Janesville the first of the week.

COOKSVILLE.

Cooksville, Jan. 4.—Leggie Denison and wife were Evansville visitors on Wednesday.

Mrs. Wm. Porter who has been taking treatments at a hospital in Chicago, returned to her home in town of Porter on Wednesday. She spent a week with her sister in Edgerton before her return here.

Mrs. G. Newman has been on the sick list the past week.

Several from here attended the dance at Fulton on Friday evening.

School commenced again on Monday, after a two weeks vacation.

The rabbit pie social at church basement on New Years eve was well attended and netted the society about ten dollars. The evening was very pleasantly spent in playing the games of pit and clinch and watching the old year out and the New Year in.

Mrs. Wm. Lee and two children, Minnie and Elsworth, who have been spending the holidays with relatives in Iowa, are expected home today.

RICHMOND.

Richmond, Jan. 4.—Mr. Wm. Matthews delivered his hog to Freeman and Hanson at Whitewater Monday at \$4.50.

Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Pemberton will entertain a number of their friends at their Tuesday evening.

A. F. Campbell returned from Milwaukee the latter part of the week.

The schools have re-opened after the holiday vacation.

Mrs. Linton, wife of the pastor of this place died Tuesday at 8 a. m. Deceased had been here but a few months during which time her health has been very poor, suffering a great deal at times. Her sister and father from Ohio were with her at the time of her death. Two small children and a husband remain, who greatly deplore the loss of a loving mother and wife. Her body was

shipped to Ohio, Wednesday for burial.

JANESVILLE.
Janesville, Jan. 4.—Mail carrier Hiller was able to make his trip last Saturday in spite of the bitter cold and drifted roads.

Tax payers can find Town Treasurer Little at Skelly & Wilburn's grocery store in the city Wednesdays and Saturdays of the present month.

Mrs. John Little and daughter Margaret, were in the city last Thursday.

Miss Rose Britt spent last week with relatives here.

Will Tall was a caller at the home of W. H. Ingle last Thursday.

CENTER.

Center, Jan. 4.—Mrs. Fred Topp is on the sick list.

Owing to the storm and bad roads rural carrier Hungleton was unable to make his trip last Saturday.

Rev. Wells filled the pulpit at Center last Sunday, owing to the illness of Rev. Wetzel.

School District No. 2 began last Monday after a short vacation.

MILTON.
MARKET TALK ON CHICAGO MARKET

Latest Gossip from the Closing Reports of the Windy City's Mart.

Taking no news as good news the crowd opened the wheat market slightly lower and then jumped on it for a cent break. Commodity houses were on both sides of the game in about equal proportions. The talents were intent on watching the movements of the chief manipulator and thought they discovered evidence of his selling through brokers, but were restrained from any very vigorous demonstration by fear of war news. The market was consequently very nervous and fluctuations rapid were within a narrow range. The news generally from the east was more favorable to a peaceful settlement of the dispute, should this be accomplished the edge would be taken off the bull movement and natural conditions would rule. On any break of a cent or two wheat should be bought as there are other considerations besides the eastern question to cause higher prices.

Corn was druggy all day with a narrow range. There seemed to be considerable for sale on any price budge. The war question dominates the market. Sell it on the swells and take it back on the reaction but keep some on hand all the time.

Oats slumped off with the other but stiffened up regained the loss and a half cent better. Buy it on breaks.

Provisions broke badly, just what we have been looking for. May pork tumbled 60c a barrel and stopped at the proper place to buy it. We would buy it around 1300 and more if it goes lower. It will come back all right.

Floyd Crawford & Co.

Benson Out on Bail.

New York, Jan. 5.—John A. Benson, who was arrested by United States secret service officers, charged with defrauding the government out of thousands of acres of land, was released in the United States Circuit court upon furnishing \$10,000 cash bail.

Kentucky Lawyer Dies.

New York, Jan. 5.—Col. Thomas C. Campbell, a well-known lawyer, died in a sanitarium in Brooklyn as the result of his experience in the schooner yacht The Ronner, which was wrecked Dec. 10 on Run Cay, in the Bahamas.

Prison for Blackmailer.

Helena, Mont., Jan. 5.—Isaac Gravelle, convicted of sending threatening letters to the Northern Pacific Railway company, has been sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of \$5,000.

Fear for Vessel.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 5.—Grave anxiety regarding the fate of the forty-five passengers and crew of the Russian steamship Havana, which was carried out to sea on an icefloe three weeks ago.

Has Burns Library.

William R. Smith, superintendent of the National Botanical Gardens at Washington, has a library composed of books written by and relating to Robert Burns, and they are going to Pittsburgh when he dies.

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COOKSVILLE RECEIPTS.

From the Hadden, Rodde Co., 204 Jackson Block, Janesville.
C. L. Cutler Resident Manager.

Open. High. Low. Close.

Wheat..... 80 1/2 85 1/2 87 1/2 88

Barley..... 81 1/2 84 1/2 81 1/2 81 1/2

Decatur.....

Corn..... 40 1/2-34 1/2 40 1/2-34 1/2 40 1/2-34 1/2 40 1/2-34 1/2

Barley..... 40 1/2-34 1/2 40 1/2-34 1/2 40 1/2-34 1/2 40 1/2-34 1/2

Oats..... 35 1/2-33 1/2 35 1/2-33 1/2 35 1/2-33 1/2 35 1/2-33 1/2

Decatur.....

Barley..... 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2

Decatur..... 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2

Barley..... 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2

Decatur..... 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2

Barley..... 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2

Decatur..... 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2

Barley..... 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2

Decatur..... 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2

Barley..... 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2 33 1/2-31 1/2

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